presented him for this service and the gold box containing the freedom of the

year in the bay of Aboukir, he received a severe wound in the head.

cent dress sword and scimiter which were given him by the sultan.

city of London. His right arm was shattered by grapeshot in this battle and was ampulated, while in the battle of the Nile, which took place the following

the Mediterranean, and at last had discovered it. Defeat for the enemy was

a foregone conclusion. It was an all night battle, lasting from 6 p. m. till day-

light next morning, and as his reward England bestowed upon him the title f Baron Nelson of the Nile, with a pension of £2,000 for himself and two successors. Two of the missing relies are the gold hilt of the sword presented to Nelson by the captains of his fleet at the bay of Aboukir and the magnifi-

For his services at Naples Nelson was rewarded with the dukedom of Bron-

te, with a revenue of £2,000 a year, and for his part in the Copenhagen affair he was made a viscount. It was while bombarding the Danish fleet, it may

be recalled, that, when signaled by the admiral of the fleet, Sir Hyde Parker,

to discontinue the engagement. Nelson placed his telescope to his blind eye and

declared he couldn't read it—a grim joke better appreciated by the British than

by the unfortunate Danes. This encounter took place in 1801, the same year that, infatuated by the charms of Lady Hamilton, he separated from the

faithful wife to whom he had been married 14 years before. An interval of

peace occurring, Nelson retired to his country seat, taking with him Sir William and Lady Hamilton, to enjoy a well earned period of rest.

In 1803 he was appointed commander of the Mediterranean fleet and de-

voted his energies to the blockading of the French fleet, which, however, es-

caped and gave him a merry chase before it was finally overtaken and en-

the Caribbean sea and back-only to learn that it had combined with the

center of the enemies' line, poured a terrible broadside into the French co

Spanish fleet off Cadiz, whither he immediately went in pursuit.

struck exclaimed, "That is well, but I bargained for 201"

MUMMIFIED HEAD OF RAMESES II.

The Egyptologists are at present ex-

erclaed over the discovery of what the

are pleased to term "Egypt's oldes:

far back in remote ages preceding the reign of Menes, the first historical king

of the country. As this particula

mummy was not altogether presents

ble, that of one of Egypt's most famous kings is herewith shown—Rameses II. who reigned some 3,300 years ago and

who was stripped of his mummy wrap-

MAJUBA HILL AT LAST. This illustration furnishes convincing proof that the British have at last reached the great goal of their desires-Majuba Hill-for here is the picture of one standing on its summit. He might be taken for Patience on a monument, so rigid and erect he stands; but, no, he is only a plain, everyday adjutant of

pings in 1884.

It was from this

out of the sand-

ils buried with

him in his stone

grave, to the

neolithic, or

most ancient

known, period of

Egypt's history,

west bank of the Boers have in the main been

1802 and therefore is 97 years old.

ng by the uten- disaster can never be effaced.

WALTER AMSDEN.

He had searched for the French fleet in almost every nook and corner of

## THE DUKE OF WESTMINSTER AND FUTURE THE RECENTLY STOLEN RELICS OF LORD NELSON

HE recent theft of relics associated with the life and death of England's great hero, Lord Nelson, which were supposed to be closely watched by the custodians of Greenwich Hospital For Naval Pensioners, has aroused in the British nation a sense of the inadequate protection afforded many of its priceless heirlooms. Certainly no more precious relics could have been taken than those which brought to mind the heroic deeds of England's darling, her "Napoleon of the ocean," who annihilated the French navy by employing the same tactics in naval warfare as were employed by Bona-

temper ve nori of ten leg, cy of 1 ,26 incl

As if to add insult to the injury and place the recovery of these invaluable mementos wholly beyond recall, the thieves seemed to have had in view only the intrinsic value of the ornaments they stole from the hospital, wrenching the gold mountings from presentation swords and their scabbards, jewels from their settings and even the gold buttons from the uniform worn by Nelson when he received his death wound at Trafalgar. In all there were 11 articles stolen, no one of which, of course, can be duplicated. The list comprises an enamel portrait of Lord Nelson in a gold case, presented to the nation by children of his reputed daughter; a gold star of the Turkish Order of the Crescent, a medal for the victory at Trafalgar, a commemorative medal presented by Spain. Nelson's gold watch and chain, worn by him at the time he received the wound that caused his death; medals in honor of the victories of Cape St. Vincent and the Nile, actually worn by Lord Nelson as decorations; a gold box presented to him with the freedom of the city of London, a gold sword hilt from the captains of the fleet who were with him at the battle of the Nile, a dress sword and gold hafted scimiter presented after the battle of the Nile by the sultan of Turkey.

A mere enumeration of these stolen relics recalls some of England's most glorious victories, commemorating as they do several of the greatest naval ac tions that have ever taken place between ships with wooden walls. Although Lord Nelson now and then made himself obnoxious to American seamen, yet he was born too late to participate in the naval battles during the Revolutionary war, and he died too soon to be engaged in the inglorious war of 1812-14.

Horatio Nelson, the son of a country clergyman, was born Sept. 29, 1758 (11 years before the birth of Bonaparte, whose schemes of conquest he so often frustrated by his vigilance), in the little town of Burnham Thorpe, Nor-



folk. England. One of the first voyages he ever undertook was to the West Indies, with which islands he is peculiarly associated through his cruisings in the Caribbean sea and his marriage. From the tropics he sailed to the arctics famous Phipps expedition in 1773, and the only time he was on American shores was in 1782, when he made but a brief stay at New York

In the year 1787 Nelson married a West Indian lady, the Widow Nesbit, from whom he was separated 14 years later on account of his devotion to Lady Hamilton. He found and married his wife in the small island of Nevis, celebrated as the birthplace of Alexander Hamilton, the great Federalist. The little church in which the ceremony was performed is still standing, and the tattered register shows the name of Horatio Nelson in his own handwriting. So in a way (in the sense that the West Indies pertain to America) Lord Nelson established a claim to have married an American as his only legiti-

It was when he was serving aboard the Agamemnon in 1793 that, having been sent to Naples on an important mission, he first met Sir William and Lady Hamilton. The next year he lost an eye, and for his victory of Cape St.

Vincent though he had gone counter to his admiral's orders, he was knighted It was in 1797 that he won this great naval battle, and among the treasured objects stolen from Greenwich hospital, as mentioned, were the gold medals



The young gentleman whose portrait appears in connection with this article was born with a golden spoon in his mouth, for he is the maharajah of Patiala, a petty Indian kingdom prolific in many things that give life an interest to mortals here below. Although he looks older, he has known only ten summers, and would not have been placed in the distinguished position he holds except for the death of his father, the H. H. Rajendra Singh Mahendra Bahadur, G. C. S. I., whose overpowering name and titles the son will some time inherit. He is now known as the Tieca Sahib. He is a good rifle shot. a capital cricket player, an amateur jockey and an expert pig sticker and, though possessed already of so many accomplishments, will soon be sent to England to finish his education.

## PROMINENT PERSONS.

Alson S. Sherman, who was Chica- gressman Allan McDermott, Democrat, Eric. His present home is in Waukegan, Ilis, pew is the longest-50 lines.

time almost broke the British heart, at one time the bottom of a lake which lonely island in the Pacific, where they fessor Starr will have the aid of three when he was found by the Union troops blaze. Senator Pettus is old fashion,

idence building to be used as a farm- Professor Frederick Starr of the Uni- necessary. His present home is in Waukegan, Ilis, and he seldem visits the city over which he ruled many years ago. He moved out of Chicago before the big fire.

The shortest biography in the shortest biography

800 miles of horseback riding will be tors by General Forrest resulted in his used a bandanna since the days of Al-

Congressional Directory is that of Con- He finds that the site of Ypslianti was all vagrants ought to be sent to some peoples in the western hemisphere. Pro- ing his way back to the Confederacy whole senate chamber with a lurid himself sufficient sleep.

go's third mayor, is still living at the of Jersey City. It is three and a half State Senator J. H. Stout of Menom- to the Philippine Islands to chase eling will be through dense forests, and spy. An unexpected attack on his cap- clings. Nobody else in the senate has

QUEEN WILHELMINA

OOM PAUL'S GIFT TO

This illustration shows the design for beautiful thimble which is to be presented by Oom Paul Kruger to the lovely Queen Wilhelmina of Holland as a wedding gift. It is chaste and beautiful, as becomes a gift to a maiden queen, and the design is by a famous artist of Paris, M. de Vernon. But there is a double significance, the carp-



ing critics say, in this present from the aged ex-president to the youthful ruler. In the first place, it may or not be significant that, while the thimb! band displays a procession of lovely maidens, they are all working indusriously with their hands. Both design and gift seem to suggest that the young ady might be better engaged, perhaps in the arts of domesticity rather than in affairs of state. In the second place It is to be made in the capital of France, and this fact to those who have been so long accustomed to label their goods "Made In Germany" is very distasteful.

CONVICTED BY A PIGEON.

The expedient of allowing a carrier igeon alleged to have been stolen ly away from the court in order that its home might be known was adopte in East Orange, N. J., recently with such success that George Bennett was held for the grand jury on a charge of larceny. He had been accused of stea ing gamecocks and a homing pigeo from Robert Euraig, but the evide QUEEN WILHELMINA AND HER BE- ages in Europe of higher rank and con- was so conflicting that it was decide nections who were distinctly disap- to send the pigeon out and see where The portrait here presented of the pointed when the young queen an- went. Shortly after it had been released the dove was found in Euraig's loft.

It was said to have been very repugnant to Mrs. Cornwallis West last July to deliver her young son into the hands of Lady Randolph Churchill, but she now has compensation for whatever worry she may have suffered then. The family is not titled, but Cornwallis West pere is a gentleman of leisure who, notwithstanding he stutiers atrociously, sits in parliament. The mother of Miss Shelah was and still is a famous beauty, declared by good judges to be better looking than her second daughter, the young lady in question. The elder daughter, the Princess Henry of Pless, is also a noted beauty, but of a different type from her sister, being a pronounced blond. It is predicted that the marriage will be the greatest social event of this year,

The engagement of the Duke of Westminster and Miss Shelah Cornwallis

West, whose portraits herewith appear has been announced, and the marriage

will probably take place early in the spring. This promises to be a great occasion in England, for it is not often that a good looking wearer of the straw-

berry leaves, and one many times over a millionaire at that, is put up in the

matrimonial market. The Cornwallis Wests, indeed, will have furnished the

marital sensations of this year and last, although in a widely different sense.

DUCHESS, MISS SHELAH CORNWALLIS WEST.

TROTHED.

oung queen of Holland and her consort | nounced her final choice, lect is the first one taken after their etrothal was announced.

The young queen, as is well known, succeeded to the throne on the death of her father in 1890 under the regency of her mother, and in 1898 assumed regal responsibilities. She is only 20 years of age, but has already shown that she has a mind of her own, four years ago countered. As there were no telegraphic cables in those days, Nelson had no has a mind of her own, four years ago means of obtaining information as to its whereabouts, but, surmising that it declaring that she should never marry might have gone to the West Indies, he sailed nearly half around the world-to unless she had a voice in the matter Although credited with being some thing of a flirt, she has chosen as her The result was the decisive battle off Trafalgar, when, on the eve of that flerce conflict, he hoisted the famous signal on his flagship, the Victory, "England expects that every man will do his duty!" This was a little before noon, future consort one of the steadiest and most sober sided of the many princelings belonging to the Mecklenburg-Schwerin family. Prince Henry has not



fame, fortune or good looks. He seems a plain, everyday German Heutenant in The oldest duly qualified physician in the Prussian guards, and the Hollandthe world resides at Carlsbad in the ers never heard of him until be was so person of Gallus Ritter von Hochber- unexpectedly raised to sit beside their ger. M. D., imperial and royal counselor beloved queen. He comes, however, of at the Austrian court. He was born in a long line of distinguished ancestry, 1802 and therefore is 97 years old. . . . though there are certain other personSAMMY LOATES, THE FAMOUS ENGLISH JOCKEY.



The portrait presented in the accompanying illustration is that of the famous and popular English jockey, Sammy Loates, who recently arrived in this country for a trip across the continent. He is a living witness of the unirula of the proverb that a prophet is not without honor save in his own country and in his own land. Sammy is no prophet, to be sure, but all the same the simile may be used and held up to show the fallacy of the saying, for if there is any one person connected with the turf who is conspicuous on the other side it is this same Loates. More than ten years ago he had the reputation of having won more "mounts," in the season of 1889, for instance, than any other of his friends of the pigskin. The year just past he came in second, with 809 mounts to his credit, of which he lost 672 and won 137. Mr. Loates was born in New-market, England, 37 years ago. His weight is 109 pounds, which is about his The coming season, he says, he is to ride for Sir Blundell Maple. average. while Mr. R. S. Sievier will have second call.

## JANUARY AT NIAGARA AND IN FLORIDA.



The vastness of our country, its immense area between the two oceans and its range in latitude as well as longitude are forcibly presented in the accompanying illustration, which depicts the kind of scenery now on view in Florida, taken as typical of our semitropical region, and at Niagara, which may at this season truly represent

There are few other countries in the world where one may induige in snowshoeing and skating, tobogganing and

ice yachting in one section, and in less than 36 hours transport himself to another radically different, where golf and polo, baseball and picnics under umbrageous trees are all the vogue.

The winter season is at its height, and, while on the one hand Niagara offers a spectacle unequaled anywhere else—of rushing waters frozen in suspension, clad in icy coats of mail—on the other may be found the midsummer delights of Florida and California in full blast. The great hotels are open from Jacksonville to Tampa and Miami, the duck shooters are out in force, and the alligator hunters and tarpon fishermen are furbishing up their long neglected implements of destruction. The tide of travel in the main is now turning from the land of pine to that of palm, from the brisk and bracing atmosphere of the north to the region where Old Sol reigns and balmy breezes blow,

## A NEW PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY

The new president of the Royal Society of Great Britain, Sir William Huggins, with many titles written after his name, has been called the father o modern astronomy, and yet it is probable that his portrait, herewith present-



ed, is unknown to the average newspa per reader. Unlike some scient whose names are almost hous words, Sir William Huggins has labor ed in private, passing the major po of his 76 years of life within the of his observatory, where he has great work in astronomy. By his on spectroscopic telescopy he thrown light upon the chemistry the solar system and shown to a great extent of what the stars are made In recognition of his scientific work

he has received many decorations and honorable mentions from British arforeign societies and has carried off numerous medals and prizes.

age of 93. He was born in Vermont. lines long. The sketch of Senator De- ince, Wis., has given to that city a res- Aguinaldo.

the Nineteenth hussars who attained

to this proud eminence by the skillful

But what a memory to Britishers is

Majuba Hill, where General Joubert,

leading an undisciplined mob of Boers

broke a British square and at the same

was connected with Lakes Huron and should be subjected to strict military assistants, a photographer, a plaster in the company of a notorious spy and ed, and his use of a bandanna is one of the Eric.

Senter Fettus is diagram and the subjected to strict military assistants, a photographer, a plaster in the company of a notorious spy and discipline for six months and then sent worker and a guide. Much of the trav-